## Creating a Business Plan

Investors and bankers review a company's business plan to evaluate the company's prospects for success.

- 1. Identify and reinforce the compelling need for product or service in the marketplace
- 2. Highlight and deal with key issues to overcome for successful execution
- 3. Highlight the people required and their skill sets to accomplish #2
- 4. Be thorough, thoughtful, organized, succinct, well written
- 5. The company's plan should be supported by separate marketing, sales, distribution, production, R&D, and financing plans with measurable goals and objectives
- 6. Most investors assume that the team can "build" it, their decision is whether the team can sell it and manage uncertainty
- 7. Spend the majority of planning effort on marketing strategy, not development or production

## **Business Plan Organization**

Section	Content	Comment
Cover Page	<ul> <li>Company name</li> <li>Amount and structure of proposed financing</li> <li>Key contact information</li> </ul>	<ul><li>What's the company</li><li>What's the deal</li><li>Who can get questions answered</li></ul>
Table of Contents	<ul><li>Major sections and exhibits only</li><li>Page numbers</li></ul>	Quick reference guide
Executive Summary	Brief synopsis of each of the key points in the plan	<ul> <li>Keep to 2 pages</li> <li>This is the 20 second elevator pitch</li> <li>It needs to capture and hold the reader's attention</li> <li>Include top level financial summary</li> <li>Should be capable of acting as a standalone document</li> </ul>
Term Sheets	Specific outline of amount, structure, and terms	<ul> <li>I page</li> <li>Conveys the Company's expectations</li> <li>Establishes the ceiling on valuation</li> </ul>

Section	Content	Comment
Investment Considerations	<ul> <li>Key reasons to become involved financially</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No more than 5 points with short proof statements supporting each</li> <li>Points should be significant, e.g., what management has done successfully before</li> <li>Proof statements need to be factual, impressive</li> </ul>
Business	<ul> <li>Include a brief history of the Company to date</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Focus on obstacles to success and formulas to overcome</li> </ul>
Products	<ul><li> Identify the specific products or services to be offered</li><li> Follow-on product strategy</li></ul>	
Market Opportunity	<ul> <li>Size of market opportunity today</li> <li>Growth and expectations for future development</li> <li>Price/demand elasticity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent, corroborative research very important</li> <li>Why hasn't someone else filled the need</li> </ul>
Marketing Strategy	<ul> <li>Competitive product or service positioning</li> <li>What are channels</li> <li>Who are customers</li> <li>Who makes the buy decision and why</li> <li>Launch strategy</li> <li>Pricing strategy</li> <li>Advertising and promotion strategy</li> <li>Service and support strategy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In terms of execution risk, this is the one most responsible for success or failure</li> <li>Very specific and detailed planning here will significantly reduce the risk of failure</li> <li>Do not assume because you build IT, "they will come"</li> </ul>
Sales Strategy	<ul> <li>Who will sell the product or service</li> <li>How will they be compensated</li> <li>How will it be distributed</li> <li>What contractual relationships will be established</li> </ul>	The strategy here should be clear from and support the Marketing Strategy

Section	Content	Comment
Production Strategy	<ul> <li>What resources are needed for production</li> <li>Will they be owned or contracted</li> <li>How will the Company acquire these resources</li> </ul>	Own control of critical and high value-added elements, contract others
Research and Development	<ul> <li>Strategy for technology development and productization</li> <li>Strategy for intellectual property protection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The reader will assume that if the company can architect and plan its technology development, it can build IT</li> <li>Leverage contract resources when possible</li> <li>Copyright, patent protection can be valuable, but strategy needs input from key business and legal advisors</li> </ul>
Employees	<ul> <li>Identify the numbers of people and skills required for each primary company activity, e.g., Marketing, Sales, Production, etc.</li> <li>Hiring plans</li> <li>Specify compensation, incentive plans for key resources</li> </ul>	
Management	<ul> <li>Identify key management and responsibilities</li> <li>Include complete backgrounds through college</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arguably the most important part of the Plan, because it's the people who make things happen</li> <li>The stronger this team is, the greater the probability of achieving success and securing financing</li> </ul>
Board of Directors / Advisors	<ul> <li>Identify the members of the Board in the same detail as the Management team</li> <li>Who else does the Company rely on for advice: bank, legal, accounting, patent, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>An investor will measure the Company by the "company" it keeps</li> <li>Is the Board structured for meaningful contribution to management and the Company, or to protect the interests of the CEO</li> </ul>

Section	Content	Comment
Capitalization	<ul> <li>Detail how the Company is owned by Class of Stock</li> <li>Indicate key outsider investors as well as management</li> <li>Include any option plans or other contingently issuable capital stock</li> <li>Describe the principle terms of the capital securities, e.g., preferences, conversion rights, voting rights, dividends, etc.</li> </ul>	
Financial Statement	<ul> <li>Include historical financial statements in summary form for prior years to date</li> <li>Include projections for no more than 5 years with key assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If there are prior period audits, include in the Exhibits</li> <li>Projections should derive from the Business Plan</li> <li>Projections should be in summary form, i.e., Income Statements, Balance Sheets, Cash Flow Statements</li> <li>Include quarterly summaries for the first projected year, annual thereafter</li> <li>Resist the temptation to overwhelm with numbers and spreadsheets</li> <li>Additional detail can be secured from the Company if the reader is interested</li> </ul>
Exhibits	Include key, pertinent information	• Audited statements, marketing materials, independent research, news articles, or other information which materially contributes to the reader's understanding of the Company's Plan

## Guidelines

- 1. Assume the reader knows nothing about the company, its industry, technology, or products
- 2. Target no more than 30 pages, excluding Exhibits
- 3. Pay attention to grammar, spelling, and organization
- 4. Format nicely, but don't overdo

- 5. Prepare a presentation outline from the Plan (Powerpoint) and try it out on peers and mentors for a "reality check."
- 6. Print and bind professionally

Prepared by The Brenner Group for Silicon Valley Bank.